

### LEADERSHIP. EMPOWERMENT. VOICE.

# 42<sup>nd</sup> FALL SESSION RESOLUTIONS

## **2010 Fall Plenary Session**

**Final Resolutions** 

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

ADO	DOPTED RESOLUTIONS							
1.0	ACADEMIC SENATE							
	1.01	F10	Bylaws Change	1				
	1.02	F10	Separation of Accreditation and SLO Committee into Two Committee	es1				
	1.03	F10	Professional Development for Successful Implementation of SB 1440 AB 2302					
	1.04	F10	Use of Technology during Executive Committee Elections					
	1.05	F10	Creation of a Part-Time Faculty Member of the Year Award					
2.0	.0 ACCREDITATION							
	2.01	F10	Federalization of Higher Education	3				
6.0	STAT	STATE AND LEGISLATIVE ISSUES						
	6.01	F10	Evaluation and Revision of Financial Aid Systems	4				
	6.02	F10	Duration of Interim Appointments	5				
	6.03	F10	Examining SB 1143 Best Practices and Models for Accomplishing Stud	lent				
			Success	5				
7.0	CON	SULT	ATION WITH THE CHANCELLOR	6				
	7.01	F10	Basic Skills and Student Success Efforts	6				
	7.02	F10	Commission on the Future	6				
	7.03	F10	SB 1440 Long Term Impact Research					
	7.04	F10	Faculty Primacy and SB 1143 Implementation Task Force					
	7.05	F10	Commission on the Future Recommendations					
9.0	CUR	RICU	LUM	8				
2.0	9.01		Developing a Reference Document for Curriculum					
	9.02		Examining Conversion from TOP to CIP					
	9.03	F10	Faculty Responsibilities for CB and SP Codes					
	9.04		College Level Examination Program (CLEP) Exam Applicability to					
			Associate Degree General Education Requirements	10				
	9.05	F10	Adopt and Publicize California Community College International					
			Baccalaureate List and Template	11				
	9.06	F10	Adopt the Guiding Principles for SLO Assessment Paper	12				
	9.07	F10	Expediting the Flexibility in Approval of SB 1440 Degrees	12				
	9.08	F10	Credit by Exam Processes	13				
	9.09	F10	Golden Four Grades in New Transfer Degrees	13				
	9.10	F10	Double-Counting GE and Major Courses in New Transfer Degrees	14				
	9.11	F10	Adopt Paper Student Success: The Case for Establishing Prerequisites Through Content Review	14				
	9.12	F10						
	9.12	F10	Support of Maintaining Academic Standards for Alcohol and Drug					
			Academic Program	15				
10.0			NES LIST					
	10.01	F10	Reconsideration for Adding Art History to the Disciplines List	16				

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

12.0	FACU	JLTY	DEVELOPMENT	17
	12.01	F10	Developing Goals for Faculty Development Committees	17
13.0	GENI	ERAL	CONCERNS	18
	13.01	F10	Fostering Dialog between Adult Education and Noncredit	18
			SB 1143 – Defining Student Success	
			Academic Freedom: New Recommendations	
			Basic Skills Advisory Committee	
			Providing Part-time Faculty with Adequate Resources and Support	
			Develop a Faculty Definition of Student Success CCLC Board Policy Templates	
			Executive Order 1048, CSU Student Remediation	
			Best Practices: Integrating Part-time Faculty into Shared-Governance.	
			Support for Distance Learning Coordinators	
			Increasing Faculty Voice	
15.0	INTE	RSEC	GMENTAL ISSUES	26
			Use C-ID to Determine Similarity of CCC and CSU Courses	
16.0	LIBR	ARY	AND LEARNING RESOURCES	26
2000			Adopt the Paper Standards of Practice for California Community Colle	
			Library Faculty and Programs	-
17.0	LOCA	AL SE	ENATES	27
	17.01	F10	Responses to Violations of Law, Policy, and Procedure	27
19.0	PROF	ESSI	ONAL STANDARDS	27
	19.01	F10	Academic and Professional Matters Purview	27
REFI	ERRED	RES	OLUTIONSSECTION	TWO
	6.05		Accountability Measures of Student Success	
		1F10	Amend Resolution 6.05 F10	28
	20.01	F10	Admissions Priorities and Practices Regarding Out-of-State and International Students	20
				28
FAIL			JTIONSSECTION TI	
	6.01.0		0 Amend Resolution 6.01 F10	
	6.04	F1	0 Development of an Economic Recovery Fund	30
	7.03.0		0 Amend Resolution 7.03 F10	
	7.03.0	2 F1	0 Amend Resolution 7.03 F10	31
	9.04.0	2 F1	0 Amend Resolution 9.04 F10	
	9.14	F1	0 Study of the 18-unit Major/Area of Emphasis Requirement for an	
			Associate Degree	
	13.05.	01 F1	0 Amend Resolution 13.05 F10	32
	13.05.	02 F1	0 Amend Resolution 13.05 F10	

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

20.02	F10	Prioritization of Resident Students	
ACRONYM	[S		SECTION FOUR
DELEGATE	ES		SECTION FIVE

#### **1.0 ACADEMIC SENATE**

#### 1.01 F10 Bylaws Change Wheeler North, San Diego Miramar College, Executive Committee

Whereas, Current Senate Rules do not provide directions to the body for who is eligible to vote when electing its officers;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges revise its Rules as follows:

Add subdivision B:

- B. Elections of Officers
  - 1) Officers. Each Officer will be elected to the Executive Committee by balloting from <u>all Delegates.</u>

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Executive Director

#### 1.02 F10 Separation of Accreditation and SLO Committee into Two Committees Julie Bruno, Sierra College, Executive Committee

Whereas, The Accreditation and SLO Committee functions under two separate and distinct charges, providing guidance to faculty in the area of accreditation and accountability as well as providing guidance in the area of student learning, instruction, and assessment; and

Whereas, In order to best serve faculty in two important areas, the Executive Committee for the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges believes the Accreditation and Student Learning Outcomes Committee should be separated into two committees, the Accreditation Committee and the Student Learning and Assessment Committee;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges amend its Rules to revise Section V. A. 1. as follows "Accreditation and Student Learning Outcomes Committee"; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges amend its Rules to insert Section V.A.14. as follows "Student Learning and Assessment Committee."

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Executive Director

#### 1.03 F10 Professional Development for Successful Implementation of SB 1440 and AB 2302 Carolyn Holcroft, Foothill College, Curriculum Committee

Whereas, SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) and AB 2302 (Fong, 2010) stress the need for Senate responsibility for degree development and implementation, as well as establishing the most effective methods to inform students, counseling faculty, and the general public about the transfer pathways;

Whereas, Degree development is an academic and professional matter and under the purview of the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges; and

Whereas, Informing students about the transfer pathways and guiding them to efficiently follow the transfer degree requirements in a way that satisfies the students' individual needs is a responsibility of counseling faculty of the California community colleges;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges provide professional development opportunities for counselors, articulation officers, curriculum chairs, and other faculty regarding the implementation of SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) and AB 2302 (Fong, 2010).

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: President

#### 1.04 F10 Use of Technology during Executive Committee Elections Kathy Sorensen, American River College, Area A

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges promotes the use of appropriate technology in the classroom; and

Whereas, The election of members of the Executive Committee can take a disproportionate amount of time;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges explore the use of appropriate technology to expedite the election process and report no later than the Fall 2011 Plenary Session.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates

Assigned: Standards and Practices Committee

#### 1.05 F10 Creation of a Part-Time Faculty Member of the Year Award Denise Cabanel-Bleuer, Orange Coast College

Whereas, California community college part-time faculty are invaluable partners in ensuring student success by providing high quality instruction and dedication to their profession;

Whereas, California community college part-time faculty contribute significantly to campus enrichment through activities such as serving on committees and as faculty advisors and participating in departmental, divisional, and campus-wide activities such as curriculum development, assessment, and program review; and

Whereas, There are various awards that recognize faculty excellence that, although open to all faculty, historically advantage full-time faculty;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges create a yearly award for a part-time faculty member that recognizes excellence in teaching and outstanding contributions to the campus environment and to student success and that the award amount and presentation be consistent with other comparable faculty awards given by the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Standards and Practices Committee

#### 2.0 ACCREDITATION

#### 2.01 F10 Federalization of Higher Education Greg Gilbert, Copper Mountain College, Area D

Whereas, The U.S. Department of Education appears set on shifting the oversight of American higher education from institutions of higher learning and regional accrediting agencies to the federal government;

Whereas, Efforts by the U.S. Department of Education to regulate higher education are evidenced by its stated goal of establishing a credit hour that requires measurable outcomes for every class hour;

Whereas, Council of Higher Education Accreditation (CHEA) President Judith Eaton stated recently that "The worth of higher education is determined less and less through the professional judgments made by the academic community" (*Inside Education* July 2010) and that the growing belief in Washington D.C. is that self-regulating peer review represents "a conflict of interest" because the exchange of fees for peer review compromises rigor (*Inside Accreditation* August 2010); and

Whereas, Institutions of higher learning (including students, faculty, administrators, trustees), taxpayers, and, indeed, the democratizing power of education would be irreparably harmed by a federal takeover of higher education and accreditation because it would result in increasingly restrictive regulations, less responsive curricula, bloated government bureaucracies, and unfunded comply-and-report mandates that divert time and resources away from the classroom;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges conduct research and explain to the field the U.S. Department of Education's specific reasoning and desired outcomes concerning an increase in the federal oversight of higher education;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges share its findings throughout the California Community College System, as well as with the Intersegmental Committee of Academic Senates and Western Association of Schools and Colleges/Accrediting Commission of Community and Junior Colleges in an effort to facilitate a coordinated, unified discussion with and response from California's higher education community and regional accrediting organizations that include

1. Strategies for balancing requirements for accountability with independent decision making at the local level;

2. Processes, including budgetary planning, to supplement the Academic Senate's already considerable assistance to local senates regarding issues of accountability;

3. Methods for articulating and defending those principles of academic freedom, effective pedagogy, and local decision making that must endure for the sake of our students, disciplines, profession, and, indeed, for the preservation of the independence of thought that is fundamental to American higher education; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges generate a timely response that will be of vital importance if California's educators, as well as those across the nation, are to have a voice in influencing the U.S. Department of Education prior to the solidifying of federal accountability into a system of intransigent regulations.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Accreditation Committee

#### 6.0 STATE AND LEGISLATIVE ISSUES

#### 6.01 F10 Evaluation and Revision of Financial Aid Systems Dolores Davison, Foothill College, Executive Committee

Whereas, The majority of California community college students are eligible for some form of federal or state financial aid;

Whereas, Students remain in classes even when failing because they fear losing their financial aid, therefore engaging in unproductive and inefficient behaviors; and

Whereas, Students may accumulate excessive units by enrolling in and completing courses solely in order to retain their financial aid, and the Board of Governors (BOG) fee waivers set no limit on the number of units students may accrue while attending college under a BOG fee waiver;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges urge state and federal officials to evaluate and revise the current financial aid system in order to incentivize more productive and academically sound behavior by students.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: Counseling and Library Faculty Issues Committee and President

#### 6.02 F10 Duration of Interim Appointments David Morse, Long Beach City College

Whereas, Title 5 §53021 provides that "no interim appointment or series of interim appointments exceed one year in duration" and that even with the approval of the Chancellor extensions of such appointments may not exceed a second year;

Whereas, Title 5 §53201 has been violated in various instances at community colleges throughout the State of California, with some interim appointments lasting as long as six years;

Whereas, The Joint Equal Employment Opportunity, Diversity, and Title 5 EEO Advisory Committee has recommended a change to Title 5 that would limit interim appointments to a fixed duration of two years without the possibility of exceptions granted by the Chancellor's Office; and

Whereas, The Title 5 change proposed by the Joint Equal Employment Opportunity, Diversity, and Title 5 EEO Advisory Committee has been discussed and viewed favorably during plenary session breakouts of the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges and in other venues;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges pursue the proposed change to Title 5 that would set a hard limit of two years on interim administrative appointments without the possibility of extension.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: President

#### 6.03 F10 Examining SB 1143 Best Practices and Models for Accomplishing Student Success Wheeler North, San Diego Miramar College

Whereas, SB 1143 (Liu, 2010) calls for the Board of Governors to develop a plan to promote and improve student success and examine specified best practices and models for accomplishing student success;

Whereas, The Chancellor's Office is developing a task force to begin developing these plans, and they are examining a number of existing student success projects such as Completion by Design, Complete to Compete, Complete College America, and the American Diploma Project; and

Whereas, Local implementation of some of these models and activities is already occurring;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges study the many strategies being recommended for student success by external organizations and research their potential effect on community colleges to inform the faculty representatives on the SB 1143 task force and report as necessary to the body.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: Futures Committee

#### 7.0 CONSULTATION WITH THE CHANCELLOR

#### 7.01 F10 Basic Skills and Student Success Efforts Candace Lynch-Thomson, School of Continuing Education, North Orange County CCD, Basic Skills Committee

Whereas, SB 1143 (Liu, 2010) directs the Board of Governors "to adopt a plan for promoting and improving student success within the California community colleges and to establish a task force to examine specified best practices and models for accomplishing student success. … The bill would require the board, prior to implementation of the plan, to report the contents of the plan, and the recommendations of the task force, to specified legislative committees by March 1, 2012";

Whereas, 75-90% of California community college students who take a placement test place into basic skills in at least one subject; and

Whereas, Students with needs for basic skills development are diverse in age, preparation level, income level, ethnicity, and intellectual ability;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with the Chancellor's Office and task force to ensure that the basic skills needs of students are addressed as a central part of the work undertaken by the SB 1143 (Liu, 2010) task force.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: President and Futures and Basic Skills Committee

#### 7.02 F10 Commission on the Future Lesley Kawaguchi, Santa Monica College, Executive Committee

Whereas, The Community College League of California (CCLC) Commission on the Future has met over a period of time and identified recommendations regarding student success for the future actions of the California community colleges over the next ten years; and

Whereas, Many of the recommendations of the Commission on the Future properly fall under the areas defined as "academic and professional matters" as defined in Title 5 regulations and as such are the responsibility of faculty and of the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges; and

Whereas, The California Community College System already has an established process for sending recommendations to the Board of Governors through the Consultation Council established Sections 330-342 in the Standing Orders of the Board of Governors;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges remind the Chancellor's Office that any recommendation developed by the CCLC Commission on the

Future and any implementation plan go through the Consultation Council, which includes faculty from the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges urge that implementation of all recommendations dealing with "academic and professional matters" at both the state and local level be carried out in a manner consistent with Title 5 regulations by relying primarily on the input of faculty through the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges or local academic senates.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates, CCLC Assigned: President

#### 7.03 F10 SB 1440 Long Term Impact Research Wheeler North, San Diego Miramar College, Executive Committee

Whereas, The recently signed SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) intends to improve the ability of students to transfer from California community colleges to California State Universities (CSU);

Whereas, The impact of this law will potentially affect enrollment patterns and other existing patterns of service and instruction provided to students by California community colleges;

Whereas, While the bill requires research on student transfer and success rates, nothing in SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) requires research into possible unintended or undesirable consequences; and

Whereas, Now is the time to establish a research plan and baseline metrics for research to ensure California community colleges and CSUs continue to meet the needs of all our students and communities;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work collaboratively with the Chancellor's Office and other system constituents to develop a research plan and current baseline metrics that will comprehensively examine the long-term impact of SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) on enrollment trends as well as the instructional and service needs of our non-transfer and transfer students.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: Educational Policies Committee

#### 7.04 F10 Faculty Primacy and SB 1143 Implementation Task Force Wheeler North, San Diego Miramar College, Area D

Whereas, SB 1143 (Liu, 2010) calls for a task force to make recommendations on student success and the metrics used to measure success; and

Whereas, By law and regulation the advice of the Academic Senate must be relied primarily upon in all academic and professional matters, and student success is an academic and professional matter;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges seek to assure that a majority of faculty exists on all task forces or committees leading to the statewide development of student success definitions and assessment metrics; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges recommend that a majority of faculty exist on all task forces or committees leading to the local development of student success definitions and assessment metrics.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: President

#### 7.05 F10 Commission on the Future Recommendations Phil Smith, Los Rios CCD

Whereas, The Community College League of California (CCLC) Commission on the Future has met over a period of time and identified large-scale recommendations to promote student success over the next ten years;

Whereas, Processes for promoting student success are clearly academic and professional matters;

Whereas, The Commission on the Future included only two faculty members, neither of whom were appointed by the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges; and

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges only considers supporting policy recommendations after a full vetting by its members;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges request to review and consider any recommendations or implementation plans proposed by the CCLC's Commission on the Future; and

Resolved, That Academic Senate for California Community Colleges urge CCLC to follow the established consultation process for sending recommendations to the Board of Governors as stated in Sections 330-342 of the Board of Governors' Standing Orders.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates, CCLC Assigned: President

#### 9.0 CURRICULUM

#### 9.01 F10 Developing a Reference Document for Curriculum David Morse, Long Beach College, Curriculum Committee

Whereas, Curriculum committee chairs and members frequently encounter questions regarding curriculum regulations and procedures for which they do not have ready answers;

Whereas, A "frequently asked questions" reference or other similar document would prove a valuable tool for curriculum committees in addressing such questions or issues;

Whereas, A formally developed reference document will present more consistent and detailed responses to inquiries from curriculum chairs than replies made on an individual basis; and

Whereas, A curriculum reference document published on the Academic Senate's Curriculum Website would provide hyperlinks to relevant sections of Title 5 or Education Code, thus allowing curriculum chairs to bypass the inconvenience posed by currently available search tools;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges develop a reference document or tool designed expressly for curriculum chairs and curriculum committees that offers information and advice regarding commonly posed questions on curricular regulations and procedures and make that reference tool available through the Academic Senate Curriculum Website and other appropriate methods.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Curriculum Committee

#### 9.02 F10 Examining Conversion from TOP to CIP Dianna Chiabotti, Napa Valley College, Executive Committee

Whereas, Resolution 21.01 F99 asked for review and updating of Taxonomy of Programs (TOP) codes, including an annual revision to accommodate federal Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) codes, which are used nationally except in the California community colleges;

Whereas, The System Advisory Committee on Curriculum has been in discussions regarding the steps and factors that would be necessary to convert from TOP to CIP code use in the California community colleges and recommends that a few disciplines be invited to participate in a pilot project to see how much work is involved in making the switch;

Whereas, TOP code revisions should be conducted with direct input from faculty; and

Whereas, Converting from TOP to CIP will also involve many aspects of college functioning (e.g., fiscal reporting, faculty work load, career technical education reporting) beyond faculty and curriculum committee participation;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges recommend representatives of various disciplines work with the Chancellor's Office on the issues of converting from TOP to CIP codes for courses; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with the Chancellor's Office to provide communication and implementation strategies if a greater conversion of TOP to CIP codes is inaugurated.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: SACC Representatives

#### 9.03 F10 Faculty Responsibilities for CB and SP Codes Stephanie Dumont, Golden West College, Executive Committee

Whereas, The System Advisory Committee on Curriculum is undertaking a review of Course Data Elements (CB) and Student Program Awards (SP) codes to ensure that they accurately reflect program and curriculum development and intention, and faculty around the state will want to contribute to the final results of any significant changes to the codes;

Whereas, CB and SP codes are used to track student performance and college curriculum work, and as was seen with changes to CB 21 and 22, correct coding can greatly affect perceptions about student achievement;

Whereas, The validity of these coding elements is dependent on faculty knowledge of and correct use of coding and how it is applied locally, as well as regular faculty review of the elements; and

Whereas, Local curriculum committees should also be aware of the importance of the codes and how selecting a code can change how a course is tracked, funded or used;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges encourage local faculty participation in review of any proposed changes to CB or SP codes that significantly affect curriculum and program development or tracking; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges encourage local curriculum committees to review and monitor the application of CB codes and provide them with guidance as to how to correctly apply them to a course.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: Curriculum Committee

#### 9.04 F10 College Level Examination Program (CLEP) Exam Applicability to Associate Degree General Education Requirements Estela Narrie, Santa Monica College, Transfer and Articulation Committee

Whereas, California community college students may only receive associate's degree general education credit for a College Level Examination Program (CLEP) exam if equivalency for a course or an associate degree general education area has been locally established;

Whereas, Many students attend more than one California community college, and CLEP course equivalencies may not exist or may vary greatly among the California community colleges;

Whereas, For many enlisted military personnel, completing formal college courses may be difficult due to deployments, work schedules, and other factors, and CLEP exams have made earning college credits a realistic possibility for these individuals; and

Whereas, CLEP general education subject area applicability exists system-wide for students completing California State University General Education Breadth (CSU GE), but the University of California does not accept CLEP exams for credit under the Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum (IGETC) pattern;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges research the feasibility of a system-wide policy template regarding the use of CLEP exams for meeting associate degree general education requirements;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges develop a system-wide policy template regarding the use of CLEP exams for meeting associate degree general education requirements if the research shows it to be feasible; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges urge the University of California and California State University systems to consider accepting CLEP exams for credit under the IGETC pattern in order to facilitate student transfer.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates, ICAS Assigned: Transfer and Articulation Committee

#### 9.05 F10 Adopt and Publicize California Community College International Baccalaureate List and Template Christie Jamshidnejad, Diablo Valley College, Transfer and Articulation Committee

Whereas, Resolution 9.01 S10 "International Baccalaureate (IB) Exam Applicability to Associate Degree General Education Requirements" called for the development of a suggested systemwide policy template regarding the use of IB scores for meeting associate degree general education requirements for local consideration and potential adoption;

Whereas, Title 5 outlines specific general education area requirements that each college must include for the associate degree (Title 5 §55063, Minimum Requirements for the Associate Degree), and an increasing number of students are requesting general education credit based on IB scores; and

Whereas, Articulation Officers throughout the California Community College System support the development of a California community college general education (CCC GE) IB score equivalency list that is aligned with the California State University (CSU) GE and Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum (IGETC) IB score equivalency lists;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges urge local senates to consider adoption and implementation of the proposed CCC GE IB score equivalency list; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges encourage local senates to use the proposed CCC GE score equivalency list to publish the CCC GE, CSU GE and IGETC IB score equivalency lists in college catalogs, schedules, and websites.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates, ICAS Assigned: Transfer and Articulation Committee

#### 9.06 F10 Adopt the Guiding Principles for SLO Assessment Paper David Morse, Long Beach City College, Executive Committee

Whereas, Faculty at many California community colleges have struggled to develop and implement effective practices for student learning outcomes (SLO) assessment while feeling pressure from both college administrations and outside forces to conduct SLO assessment in ways that may be ineffective and even counter-productive;

Whereas, SLO assessment, when conducted thoughtfully and effectively through processes developed and led by faculty, can be both beneficial and productive for faculty and students; and

Whereas, Academic Senate resolution 2.03 S08 called for the Senate to "research and communicate guiding principles of good practice in the collection, analysis, and use of assessment data";

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges adopt the paper *Guiding Principles for SLO Assessment*.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Executive Director

#### 9.07 F10 Expediting the Flexibility in Approval of SB 1440 Degrees Beth Smith, Grossmont College, Curriculum Committee

Whereas, Intersegmental faculty discipline groups are meeting to determine major preparation for SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) degrees, and these groups will meet throughout the year;

Whereas, Local processes may not be able to accommodate the time schedules for development and approval of these degrees; and

Whereas, Flexibility within local processes will help curriculum committees in the approval process of these new degrees;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges inform local curriculum committees that SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) degrees may be developed late in the year and that flexibility within the local approval process will benefit students; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges encourage local senate presidents to inform their boards that SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) degrees will be under development during the year and recommend that any accommodations and flexibility that can expedite degree approval throughout the year will be beneficial for students.

#### MSC Disposition: Local Senates

Assigned: Curriculum and Relations with Local Senates Committees

#### 9.08 F10 Credit by Exam Processes Nancy Persons, Santa Rosa Junior College, Curriculum Committee

Whereas, National and state interest in decreasing time to degree completion and increasing degree production has resulted in an interest in finding novel ways to meet these goals;

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges has been active in determining whether and how existing competency-based exams (e.g., College Level Examination Program, International Baccalaureate, Advanced Placement) can be translated into course credit; and

Whereas, "Credit by exam" is a mechanism long in existence that can be used to award credit for demonstrated learning;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community develop and disseminate information to local academic senates regarding effective practices for using credit by exam to recognize learning gained through alternative mechanisms;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges encourage local academic senates to ensure that students are aware of the existing mechanisms for earning credit through exam processes; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges recommend that local academic senates consider the needs of their local communities and strive to ensure that all appropriate exam opportunities are available.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates, ICAS

Assigned: Curriculum and Counseling and Library Faculty Issues Committees

#### 9.09 F10 Golden Four Grades in New Transfer Degrees Michelle Pilati, Rio Hondo College, Executive Committee

Whereas, SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) has been signed into law, with one of its primary goals to decrease student accumulation of units as they complete a degree and prepare to transfer;

Whereas, Resolution 4.03 S10 recognized that a "transfer degree" was imminent and called for the Academic Senate to "strongly encourage all local senates to ensure that students are provided

with the degree options that meet their needs, be that aligning degree requirements with transfer institutions or offering degrees that serve as preparation for work"; and

Whereas, The California State University currently requires completion in the areas of the "Golden Four" with a minimum grade of "C" for transfer admission (i.e., A3--critical thinking, A1--communication, A2--English composition, and B4--quantitative reasoning) but not included in SB 1440;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges strongly urge requiring a minimum grade of "C" in the "Golden Four" in any associate degree for transfer.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates

Assigned: Relations with Local Senates and Curriculum Committees

#### 9.10 F10 Double-Counting GE and Major Courses in New Transfer Degrees Paul Setziol, De Anza College, Educational Policies Committee

Whereas, The practice commonly referred to as "double-counting" allows students to count a qualifying course toward both general education and major/area of emphasis requirements;

Whereas, Double-counting is common practice in the University of California (UC) and California State University (CSU) systems, and the majority of California community colleges;

Whereas, SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) rewards students for completing both lower division general education (GE) patterns (Intersegmental GE Transfer Curriculum or CSU GE, which amount to approximately 35 semester units) and 18 units of major preparation prior to transfer; and

Whereas, One obvious and academically appropriate means of decreasing "unit accumulation" is the practice of "double-counting," and some California community colleges disallow double-counting, which will make it more difficult for their students to benefit from SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010);

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges strongly urge local senates to review and, as often as possible, reform local policy to allow double-counting to qualify a course toward both general education and major/area of emphasis requirements.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates

Assigned: Curriculum and Counseling and Library Faculty Issues Committees

#### 9.11 F10 Adopt Paper Student Success: The Case for Establishing Prerequisites Through Content Review Beth Smith, Grossmont College, Executive Committee

Whereas, Efforts to establish prerequisites through content review are underway, and interest in content review has increased around the state;

Whereas, In order to support state and local discussions, a resource with rationale for rigorous content review for establishing prerequisites and supporting ideologies for student success will assist local senates and leaders across the state; and

Whereas, Content review, as a method to establish prerequisites, involves discipline faculty and curriculum committees in an objective review of the knowledge and skills students must acquire in order to achieve success, and a detailed examination of the course outline of record in the content review process will re-establish the standards and expectations for maintaining quality instruction;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges adopt the paper *Student Success: The Case for Establishing Prerequisites Through Content Review.* 

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Executive Director

#### 9.12 F10 SB 1440 – Universal CSU Transferability Wheeler North, San Diego Miramar College, Area D

Whereas, It is the intent of SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) to improve student transfer by decreasing the complexity of transfer and the unique requirements of the 23 California State University (CSU) campuses that are a primary source of confusion for students preparing to transfer;

Whereas, SB 1440 permits each of the 112 California community colleges to develop a variety of unique degrees which would not provide the opportunity to develop programs based on statewide coordination (i.e., the ability to transfer to any CSU where that major or a similar major exists) where possible; and

Whereas, SB 1440 does not prohibit the development of model curriculum in each transfer major;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges support the development of transfer model curriculum in majors and areas of emphasis through the Course Identification Numbering System (C-ID).

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: C-ID Faculty Coordinator

#### 9.13 F10 Support of Maintaining Academic Standards for Alcohol and Drug Academic Program Barbara Croteau, Santa Rosa Junior College

Whereas, The California Association of Alcohol and Drug Educators has for the last 25 years been funded by the California Department of Alcohol and Drugs to provide high academic education standards for over 40 community colleges;

Whereas, An effective alcohol and drug academic program in community college provides students with the highest level of education available, and a faculty that ascribes to those high standards is necessary to maintain the level of academic quality; and

Whereas, Current state legislative policy discussions would permit the use of lower academic standards within the field of alcohol and drug education;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with the California Association of Alcohol and Drug Educators to ensure faculty participation in any changes to academic programs in alcohol and drug education; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with the Department of Alcohol and Drugs to ensure that any changes in academic standards meet both the Academic Senate and the Chancellor's Office minimum faculty qualifications and curriculum standards.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates, California Association of Alcohol and Drug Educators, California Department of Alcohol and Drugs Assigned: Vice President

#### **10.0 DISCIPLINES LIST**

#### 10.01 F10 Reconsideration for Adding Art History to the Disciplines List Bob Grill, College of Alameda, Area B

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges voted down a previous proposal for the creation of Art History as a separate discipline on the 2007 Disciplines List and the current Academic Senate process requires that resubmitted proposals provide substantively different rationale and come forward either as a resolution from a Senate area meeting or as a resolution from the floor of plenary session;

Whereas, The previous proposal failed because of the potential impact on smaller colleges in assigning disciplines; however, adding Art History to the Disciplines List does not require local senates to assign any courses to the new discipline but, rather, allows local colleges with larger programs in Art History to assign courses to that discipline and to hire, retain, and promote qualified faculty to develop and teach courses and degrees in Art History at a level commensurate with other systems of higher education where students are likely to transfer upon completion of lower division major transfer preparation at a community college;

Whereas, The Master of Fine Arts (MFA) in studio arts is insufficient academic preparation to teach Art History courses, as a student earning an MFA in the CSU or UC system can do so by completing an average minimum of 12 semester units—out of the 180 - 210 semester units required for a Bachelor of Arts/Bachelor of Fine Arts, MFA sequence—in Art History across both their baccalaureate and masters programs; and

Whereas, The College Art Association, the primary professional association for art history and studio arts, in 2009 revised their "Standards of Retention and Tenure of Art Historians" to include specific standards for Art Historians at two-year colleges that are reflected in this proposal;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges include in its current Discipline List Revision process a recommendation to the Board of Governors to add Art History as a separate discipline for inclusion in the "Minimum Qualifications for Faculty and Administrators in California Community Colleges" based on the rationale outlined in the attached proposal.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Standards and Practices Committee

#### **12.0 FACULTY DEVELOPMENT**

#### 12.01 F10 Developing Goals for Faculty Development Committees Jon Drinnon, Merritt College

Whereas, Due to the state budget crisis, funds for professional development are being routinely slashed for colleges across the state, and as a result faculty development opportunities and activities, which are the lifeblood of our faculty and a major component of student success, are being cut;

Whereas, Re-educating and enriching faculty professionally is an essential component of faculty growth and student success and a key component of AB 1725;

Whereas, According to a survey conducted by the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges, 75% of 58 colleges responding indicated that they had no stated goals or outcomes for their professional development committees; and

Whereas, In order to restore funding to appropriate levels now or in the future we need to mount a unified movement for appropriate professional development funding among all our constituent groups;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges urge local academic senates to require that their faculty development committees create outcomes and goals for their committees;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges encourage local senates and faculty development committees to work with their administrations to make faculty development a high priority on their campuses and to look for creative alternatives to provide professional development funding for faculty; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges create a coalition of Faculty Development groups inviting participation of the following: the Faculty Association of California Community Colleges faculty development committee, California Community College

Council for Staff, Program and Organizational Development (4C/SD), the faculty unions, the Chancellor's Office, and other interested parties with liaisons between the groups to develop a strategy to push for the 2% level of faculty development funding that was guaranteed by passage of AB 1725.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: President and Faculty Development Committee

#### 13.0 GENERAL CONCERNS

#### 13.01 F10 Fostering Dialog between Adult Education and Noncredit Rey Ortiz, College of the Desert, Noncredit Committee

Whereas, Adult education and community college noncredit programs share a common origin, both having emerged from the K-12 system in response to the particular needs of adult learners for educational options that are not part of credit programs and the future of these two types of programs is also intertwined;

Whereas, Both adult education and community college noncredit programs face similar funding challenges, with all state adult education funds now open to "flexibility" usage by underfunded K-12 districts and noncredit courses and programs receiving lesser funding;

Whereas, Both K-12 adult education and community college noncredit serve adult learners, which has given rise to a wide variety of locally-determined approaches to serving this specific student population in their communities and which needs to be recognized by and included in the California Department of Education's strategic plan for adult education; and

Whereas, Improved communication and coordination between adult education instructors and community college noncredit faculty are essential in order to better serve the needs of local communities and to respond to challenges, including budgetary reductions;

Resolved, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges encourage noncredit faculty statewide and the members of the Academic Senate's Noncredit Committee to engage in discussion with representatives of the California Department of Education's Adult Education Division about the future of adult education/noncredit programs in the State of California.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Noncredit Committee and President

#### 13.02 F10 SB 1143 – Defining Student Success Wheeler North, San Diego Miramar College, Executive Committee

Whereas, SB 1143 (Liu, 2010) requires the Board of Governors (BOG) to adopt a plan for promoting and improving student success within the California community colleges and to establish a task force to examine specified best practices and models for accomplishing student success;

Whereas, SB 1143 (Liu, 2010) requires the task force to develop and present specified recommendations to the BOG for incorporation into a plan to improve student success and completion within the California community colleges; and

Whereas, Faculty are central to student success and student completion and are best positioned to develop metrics used to establish and measure student success that are critical to the development of a system-wide plan for student success;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges define student success and identify best practices and models for accomplishing student success;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges include student input and perspectives in the development of student success metrics;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges assert the primacy of our definition of student success to the Board of Governors; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges ensure faculty primacy in the identification, development and/or adoption of metrics used to establish and measure student success.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: President

#### 13.03 F10 Academic Freedom: New Recommendations Dianna Chiabotti, Napa Valley College, Executive Committee

Whereas, In the Garcetti v. Caballos court decision of 2006, the U.S. Supreme Court majority ruled that when public employees such as faculty speak, "pursuant to their official duties, the employees are not speaking as citizens for First Amendment purposes, and the Constitution does not insulate their communications from employer discipline";

Whereas, In response to the above case and the more recent cases of Hong v. Grant, Renken v. Gregory, and Gorum v. Sessions the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) created a subcommittee in 2006 for the purpose of "surveying the landscape of legal and professional protections for academic freedom at public colleges and universities"; and

Whereas, The AAUP's subcommittee has recommended three options of proposed policy language that may be incorporated in faculty handbooks as follows:

 Academic freedom is the freedom to discuss all relevant matters in the classroom, to explore all avenues of scholarship, research, and creative expression, and to speak or write without institutional discipline or restraint on matters of public concern as well as on matters related to professional duties and the functioning of the University. Academic responsibility implies the faithful performance of professional duties and obligations, the recognition of the demands of the scholarly enterprise, and the candor

to make it clear that when one is speaking on matters of public interest, one is not speaking for the institution.

- 2. Academic freedom is the freedom to teach, both in and outside the classroom, to conduct research and to publish the results of those investigations, to address any matter of institutional policy or action whether or not as a member of an agency of institutional governance. Professors should also have the freedom to address the larger community with regard to any matter of social, political, economic, or other interests, without institutional discipline or restraint, save in response to fundamental violation of professional ethics or statements that suggest disciplinary incompetence; or
- 3. Academic freedom is the freedom to teach, both in and outside the classroom, to conduct research and to publish the results of those investigations, and to address any matter of institutional policy or action whether or not as a member of an agency of institutional governance. Professors should also have the freedom to speak to any matter of social, political, economic, or other interest to the larger community, subject to the academic standard of conduct applicable to each. (AAUP, 2010, pp. 87-88)

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges recommend that local senates review their current policy on academic freedom to determine if it is aligned with the latest AAUP perspective;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges encourage local senates to refine and/or develop a policy on academic freedom that reflects the current AAUP perspective; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges encourage local senates to include such a policy in faculty handbooks and board policies, and collaborate with unions to ensure that the rights delineated in such policies are protected.

See AAUP 2010 Document at: http://www.aaup.org/AAUP/protectvoice/actionitems/.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates

Assigned: Educational Policies and Relations with Local Senates Committees

#### 13.04 F10 Basic Skills Advisory Committee Dianna Chiabotti, Napa Valley College, Executive Committee

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges' Basic Skills Committee is responsible for reviewing and recommending positions and actions on issues related to underprepared students and is responsible for gathering information on best practices to provide instruction and support services to underprepared students and conveying this information to the field;

Whereas, The Chancellor's Office has established a new Basic Skills Advisory Committee that will advise the Chancellor's Office on the direction for basic skills efforts within the state; and

Whereas, Meeting the needs of underprepared/basic skills students is a priority for both the Academic Senate Basic Skills Committee and the Chancellor's Office Basic Skills Advisory Committee;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges recommend that the Academic Senate Basic Skills Committee chair be an active participant on the Chancellor's Office Basic Skills Advisory Committee to ensure a clear connection between the work of the Chancellor's Office Basic Skills Advisory Committee and the Academic Senate; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with the Chancellor's Office to facilitate a connection between the Academic Senate Basic Skills Committee and the work by the Chancellor's Office to coordinate efforts related to basic skills.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: Basic Skills Committee and President

#### 13.05 F10 Providing Part-time Faculty with Adequate Resources and Support Jon Drinnon, Merritt College, Area B

Whereas, Community college budgets have been cut and resources and support limited for all faculty;

Whereas, Part-time faculty are particularly vulnerable to resource and support cuts since they have limited presence on campuses and often limited political power to protect and maintain an adequate level of resources and support; and

Whereas, Colleges and districts have a duty to protect academic integrity by maintaining the resources and support that all faculty, both full- and part-time, need to be effective educators;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with its educational partners to advocate for a level of resources and support for part-time faculty that can maintain an adequate teaching environment for them and learning environment for our community college students.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates, CoFO Assigned: President

#### 13.06 F10 Develop a Faculty Definition of Student Success Kale Braden, Cosumnes River College, Area A

Whereas, SB 1143 (Liu, 2010) mandates that the California Community College System "establish a task force to examine specified best practices and models for accomplishing student success," and the work of this task force is already in progress;

Whereas, Myriad forces from both within and without the California Community College System have attempted to define and suggest measurements for student success, leading to varying understandings and definitions of the term;

Whereas, Models and definitions developed in other states may not transfer effectively or appropriately to the California Community College System; and

Whereas, Community college Boards of Trustees are required to rely primarily on or mutually agree with the local academic senate in matters relating to student success;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges direct its Executive Committee to develop working definitions of student success based on input from faculty throughout the California Community College System and carry those definitions into discussions related to SB 1143 (Liu, 2010) and other appropriate venues.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Futures and Student Learning and Assessment Committees

#### 13.07 F10 CCLC Board Policy Templates Steve Leone, Cuesta College, Area C

Whereas, Local senates and boards must consult collegially for board policy development with regard to academic and professional matters;

Whereas, Some districts subscribe to the board policy templates offered by the Community College League of California (CCLC) which are intended to be a starting point for local policy development;

Whereas, The CCLC templates provide technical assistance for the development of local board policies but creation of these policy templates without Academic Senate input can make local policy development more challenging and can lead to policies out of compliance with local senate purview; and

Whereas, Many if not all of the current CCLC board policy templates do not reflect the primary and mutual agreement responsibilities of the local academic senate;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges ask CCLC to involve the Academic Senate in the development and updating of board policy templates regarding academic and professional matters;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges review the content of the current CCLC board policy templates that are focused on topics within the purview of the local academic senates as established by Education Code and Title 5 regulations and make recommendations for changes to the templates to reflect the responsibilities of local senates; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate of California Community Colleges encourage local senates to be actively involved in adapting the CCLC board policy templates to local community needs and culture.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates, CCLC Assigned: President and Relations with Local Senates

#### 13.08 F10 Executive Order 1048, CSU Student Remediation David Morse, Long Beach City College, Area D

Whereas, California State University (CSU) Executive Order 1048, "Early Start Program," requires that beginning in "summer 2012, incoming freshmen who have not demonstrated proficiency in English and/or mathematics will be required to begin remediation prior to the term for which they have been admitted, e.g., summer prior to fall";

Whereas, Executive Order 1048 further allows that each individual CSU campus "will design a program for incoming freshmen to develop proficiency in mathematics and/or English before they enroll as matriculated freshmen";

Whereas, One of the most commonly proposed responses to Executive Order 1048 at the CSU campuses is to have students needing remediation attend community college in the summer; and

Whereas, In the current economic climate and with limited summer resources, such an influx of CSU students could have a significant impact on access to classes in summer for native community college students;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work in close consultation with the CSU System to ensure that responses to CSU Executive Order 1048 regarding remediation of underprepared incoming students do not unduly and negatively impact the California community colleges or community college students.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates, CSU Academic Senate Assigned: President and ICAS Representatives

#### 13.09 F10 Best Practices: Integrating Part-time Faculty into Shared-Governance Brian Sos, San Diego City College

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges is committed to professionalism for all faculty as an essential element in providing students with excellent educational opportunities, services, and instruction as recommended in *Part-Time Faculty: A Principled Perspective* (adopted Spring 2002); and

Whereas, The Academic Senate is committed to integrating part-time faculty into senate activities at the local and state level as stated in *Part-Time Faculty: A Principled Perspective* (2002); and

Whereas, The 2008 Educational Policy Committee found that most academic senates across the state appear to provide dedicated representation for part-time faculty (72.7%), but "Part-time Faculty: Where Are We Now?" (*Rostrum*, December 2008) noted that the presence of one or two part-time faculty serving on a local senate is a far cry from meaningful involvement of part-time faculty in the intellectual life of the institution; and

Whereas, No guidelines have been provided by the Academic Senate to aid local senates in developing bylaws that encourages recruitment, retention, and mentoring for integrating part-time faculty into senate activities;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges administer a comprehensive survey soliciting quantitative and qualitative information about local senates' bylaws and best practices regarding the recruitment, encouragement, and inclusion of part-time faculty in the voice of the academic senate through such means as local senate executive committee participation, department representation, compensation, voting or non-voting status, and inclusion on senate and local committees; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges compile and disseminate information regarding participation of part-time faculty via a paper, *Rostrum* articles, or other appropriate venues, and report on the progress of the resolution at the Fall 2011 Plenary Session.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates

Assigned: Relations with Local Senates Committees

#### 13.10 F10 Support for Distance Learning Coordinators Cathy Cox, Mission College

Whereas, Distance Learning is recognized as a valid instructional modality in Title 5 Regulations, and increasing numbers of courses are offered in this manner by community colleges statewide both to meet the needs of students and to respond to identified administrative concerns about facilities, budget, or scheduling;

Whereas, The Legislative Analyst's Office (LAO) recently released a paper (*The Master Plan at 50: Using Distance Education to Increase College Access and Efficiency*) proposing the widespread use of distance education to alleviate perceived problems with access to community colleges;

Whereas, Distance Learning courses are subject to legislative and reporting requirements, many of which include matters of compliance that could affect college apportionment or accreditation status; and

Whereas, Compliance with these legislative and reporting requirements place a large burden on distance learning coordinators when they are not provided adequate administrative and classified staff support;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges urge local academic senates to work with their college administrations in developing policies, procedures, and methods to provide adequate support for distance learning coordinators to ensure academic integrity and compliance with all relevant regulations and external mandates.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Educational Policies Committee

#### 13.11 F10 Increasing Faculty Voice Dianna Chiabotti, Napa Valley College

Whereas, The general public is bombarded with news articles and commentary about the failure of the California community colleges;

Whereas, Many individuals and organizations, based on their perspectives, have determined reasons for the failures of our colleges;

Whereas, The Academic Senate for California Community Colleges president and committees are vigilant in presenting the perspectives of the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges, which are based on sound educational principles; and

Whereas, The voice of faculty needs to be more emphatic and more vigorous in presenting the successes of colleges and the role of faculty in meeting student needs and supporting student success;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges provide local academic senates with recommendations for advocating for the purview of faculty and the relevance of faculty voice in academic and professional matters;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges develop talking points on the successes of community colleges and identify important documents for referring administrators and local politicians to; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges urge district and college academic senates to increase their vigilance and the volume of their voice by countering attacks with arguments based on sound academic principles so that each attack is met with a counter, increasing the likelihood that the general population will understand the true state of California community colleges, including the challenges and successes.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Relations with Local Senates and Futures Committee

#### **15.0 INTERSEGMENTAL ISSUES**

#### 15.01 F10 Use C-ID to Determine Similarity of CCC and CSU Courses Beth Smith, Grossmont College

Whereas, SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) restricts the California State University (CSU) from requiring students to repeat courses at CSU that are "similar" to courses taken as part of a degree developed in response to SB 1440;

Whereas, Similar courses were not defined in the law resulting from SB 1440, and any determination of curricular similarity must be made by faculty; and

Whereas, The Course Identification Numbering System (C-ID) provides descriptors for California community college courses that commonly transfer;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges support the use of C-ID processes as a means of determining whether California community colleges and CSU courses are similar.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: C-ID Faculty Coordinator

#### 16.0 LIBRARY AND LEARNING RESOURCES

#### 16.01 F10 Adopt the Paper Standards of Practice for California Community College Library Faculty and Programs Kevin Bontenbal, Cuesta College, Executive Committee

Whereas, Resolution 16.01 S09 called for the development of a paper addressing standards of practice for California community college libraries; and

Whereas, Specific standards for library services have appeared piecemeal in various regulations and guidelines, but nowhere have these standards been collected, reviewed, and presented systematically with specific application to the roles of librarians in the California community colleges;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges adopt the paper Standards of Practice for California Community College Library Faculty and Programs.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Executive Director

#### **17.0 LOCAL SENATES**

#### 17.01 F10 Responses to Violations of Law, Policy, and Procedure David Morse, Long Beach City College

Whereas, Education Code, Title 5, and local policies and procedures are either legal directives or collaborative agreements that should be respected at all levels of the California Community College System;

Whereas, Faculty at the district and local level have been frustrated by administrative violations of such directives and agreements; and

Whereas, Local academic senates would benefit from assistance and advice in dealing with situations in which administrations fail to respect either statewide mandates or local agreements, including counsel regarding effective documentation of administrative policy and procedure violations and when and how to escalate complaints regarding such administrative actions;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges develop a resource document to provide guidance to local senates in reacting to and dealing with administrative violations of state and local policies and regulations.

MSC Disposition: Chancellor's Office, Local Senates Assigned: Educational Policies Committee

#### **19.0 PROFESSIONAL STANDARDS**

#### 19.01 F10 Academic and Professional Matters Purview Kathy Kelley, Chabot College, Area B

Whereas, Title 5 and Education Code clearly define faculty purview relative to academic and professional matters;

Whereas, Other organizations are submitting proposals and plans to change, alter, and revise aspects of California community colleges that are clearly academic and professional matters; and

Whereas, Current and proposed legislation are increasingly impinging upon the purview of faculty and academic senates;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges engage local faculty to participate in statewide conversations outside of plenary sessions regarding the erosion of Title 5 and Education Code mandates; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges develop a plan to respond to the current attacks on the rights and responsibilities guaranteed to faculty in AB 1725.

MSC Disposition: Local Senates Assigned: Relations with Local Senates Committee

#### FALL 2010 PLENARY SESSION REFERRED RESOLUTIONS

#### 6.05 F10 Accountability Measures of Student Success Kim Harrell, Folsom Lake College

Whereas, The original language in SB 1143 (Liu, 2010) predicated California community college funding on simplistic accountability measures of student success;

Whereas, Performance based funding would likely have the unintended consequences of grade inflation, reduced funding for community colleges located in areas of low socio-economic status, and reduced access for students in need of remediation; and

Whereas, The economic downturn has limited the type and number of course offerings, reduced overall student access, and, as a result, increased time to degree and certificate completion;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges oppose educational legislation designed to alter the California Community Colleges' funding structure to one based upon simplistic accountability measures of student success.

MSR: Referred to the Executive Committee for action as the Executive Committee deems appropriate.

#### 6.05.01 F10 Amend Resolution 6.05 F10 Shawna Bynum, Napa Valley College

Amend the resolve:

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges oppose educational legislation designed to alter the California Community Colleges' funding structure to one based upon implementation of simplistic accountability measures of student success as the primary means of California community college funding.

MSR: Referred to the Executive Committee for action as the Executive Committee deems appropriate.

#### 20.01 F10 Admissions Priorities and Practices Regarding Out-of-State and International Students Don Gauthier, Los Angeles Valley College, Educational Policies Committee

Whereas, Restrictive and inadequate funding from the state and enrollments caps have forced colleges to seek alternate sources of revenue;

Whereas, Out of state and international students pay higher fees and in many colleges are guaranteed 12 units; and

Whereas, Many colleges give enrollment priority to out of state and international students, thereby depriving resident students of access in spite of their contributions to California higher education;

#### FALL 2010 PLENARY SESSION REFERRED RESOLUTIONS

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges research and gather data from local colleges and districts on the impact of priority registration of out-of-state and international students on access for resident students;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges also research, summarize, and report to the body ways of integrating out-of-state and international student programs into colleges and districts ways that provide documented benefits to all students; and

Resolved, That the Academic Senate of California Community Colleges urge colleges to identify local priorities regarding instruction and sites in other countries, taking into consideration the effects on instruction, services and resources needed to educate resident students.

MSR Disposition: Referred to the Executive Committee to perfect and return to the body in spring.

#### 6.01.02 F10 Amend Resolution 6.01 F10 David Beaulieu, Los Angeles CCD, Area C

Strike the second whereas.

Amend resolve:

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges urge state and federal officials to consider a proposal to an overhaul of the current financial aid system in order to incentivize more productive and academically sound behavior by students.

MSF

#### 6.04 F10 Development of an Economic Recovery Fund Scott Rippy, Crafton Hills College

Whereas, California Community Colleges are funded through state revenues;

Whereas, In times of economic hardship state revenues decrease, often resulting in colleges having to reduce the number of classes they can offer at a time when demand for classes at community colleges increases; and

Whereas, Residents of California would benefit if, in times of economic hardship its community colleges be able to maintain, or even increase, the number of classes they can offer in order to meet the increase in public demand;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with the Legislature to encourage the development of a fund that shall be increased during good economic times and held in reserve until needed to supplement community college budgets in order to maintain or increase the number of classes offered at community colleges during times of general economic hardship.

MSF

#### 7.03.01 F10 Amend Resolution 7.03 F10 Kale Braden, Cosumnes River College, Area A

Amend the resolve:

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with the Chancellor's Office and other system constituents to develop a research plan that will comprehensively examine the impact of SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) on enrollment trends and other instructional and service needs of our <u>non-transfer</u>, as well as transfer students.

#### 7.03.02 F10 Amend Resolution 7.03 F10 David Beaulieu, Los Angeles CCD, Area C

Amend the resolve:

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work <u>collaboratively</u> with the Chancellor's Office and other system constituents to develop a research plan <u>and current</u> <u>baseline metrics</u> that will comprehensively examine the <u>long-term</u> impact of SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010) on enrollment trends <del>and</del> <u>as well as other</u> instructional and service needs of our students.

MSF

#### 9.04.02 F10 Amend Resolution 9.04 F10 Dave DeGroot, Allan Hancock College, Area C

Amend the fourth whereas:

Whereas, CLEP general education subject area applicability exists system-wide for students completing CSU GE Breadth, but the UC system does not accept CLEP exams for credit, <u>and the UC and CSU do not accept CLEP exams</u> under the IGETC pattern;

Strike the first resolve.

MSF

#### 9.14 F10 Study of the 18-Unit Major/Area of Emphasis Requirement for an Associate Degree David Beaulieu, Los Angeles Community College District

Whereas, The 18-semester-unit minimum requirement in a major or area of emphasis for an associate degree was adopted in Title 5 in the early 1980s, and since that time there has been no reexamination by the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges regarding the need for this specific minimum unit total;

Whereas, The Fall 2005 Academic Senate for California Community Colleges paper "What Is the Meaning of a California Community College Degree?" did not mention a specific major unit total, but spoke generally about students acquiring focused study in an academic area as an aspect of an associate degree;

Whereas, With the recent passage of SB 1440 (Padilla, 2010), California community colleges are required to have associate degrees for transfer to the California State University in place by fall 2011, and the 18-unit minimum requirement in a major or area of emphasis could force students who change majors to take a significant number of courses not needed to complete their transfer; and

Whereas, The California Community Colleges Transfer Center Directors' organization and many CCC Articulation Officers, the faculty most expert in the area of transfer, have registered serious reservations as to the wisdom of maintaining 18 units in a major or area of emphasis;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for the California Community Colleges form a task force, including transfer center directors and articulation officers, to conduct a focused study of the 18-semester-unit major or area of emphasis requirement for an associate degree and report the findings and recommendations of the task force at the Spring 2011 Plenary session.

MSF

#### 13.05.01 F10 Amend Resolution 13.05 F10 Joe DeSantis, Copper Mountain College

#### Amend the second whereas:

Whereas, Part-time faculty are particularly <u>uniquely</u> vulnerable to resource and support cuts since they have <u>due to their</u> limited presence on campuses and often limited political power to protect and maintain an adequate level of <u>in college and district decision making processes</u>, <u>particularly decisions regarding resources allocations</u> and <u>availability of support</u>; and

Amend the resolve:

Resolved, That the Academic Senate for California Community Colleges work with <u>local</u> <u>senates</u>, faculty and student associations, the Chancellor's Office, and other educational partners its educational partners to advocate on behalf of a level of resources and support for part-time faculty <u>in order to that can</u> maintain an adequate teaching environment for them and learning environment for our community college students a professional and educational environment necessary for student success.

MSF

#### 13.05.02 F10 Amend Resolution 13.05 F10 Darwin Smith, El Camino Compton Education Center

Add second whereas:

Whereas, California community colleges are progressively relying more on part-time faculty to resolve their faculty workload problems;

MSF

### FALL 2010 PLENARY SESSION FAILED RESOLUTIONS

### 20.02 F10 Prioritization of Resident Students Dolores Davison, Foothill College, Executive Committee

Whereas, Current demand on California community colleges is at an all time high due to economic and employment factors;

Whereas, Because of limited resources many colleges are actively pursuing the creation of international centers outside of the country to attract and serve its students; and

Whereas, The primary responsibility of California community colleges apportionment-based instruction and services should be primarily focused on resident students;

Resolved, That the Academic Senate of California Community Colleges urge colleges to identify local priorities regarding instruction and sites in other countries, taking into consideration the effects on instruction, services and resources needed to educate resident students.

MSF

# **SECTION FOUR**

# Acronyms

### Revised May 2010

Nothing makes one feel so much an outsider in a group as the use by others of acronyms or initial designations with which one it not familiar. Below are some of the abbreviations pertaining to education which are in common use in this state. Please send suggestions to the Academic Senate Office.

3CMedia	Formerly CCCSAT
AA	Associate in Arts degree
AAC	Association of American Colleges
AACC	American Association of Community Colleges
AACD	Affirmative Action and Cultural Diversity (prior Academic Senate committee)
AADEC	Affirmative Action, Diversity and Equity Consortium
AAHE	American Association of Higher Education
AAO	Affirmative Action Officer
AAS	Associate in Applied Sciences degree
AAUP	American Association of University Professors
AAUW	American Association of University Women
AAWCC	American Association of Women in Community Colleges
AB	Assembly Bill
ACBO	Association of Chief Business Officers
ACCCA	Association of California Community College Administrators
ACCE	Association for Community and Continuing Education
ACCESS	Action for Community College Enhancement of Student Success (ACT Project)
ACCJC	Accrediting Commission for Community and Junior Colleges
ACCT	Association of Community College Trustees
ACCTLA	Association of California College Tutoring and Learning Assistance
ACE	American Council on Education
ACHRO-AAO	Association Chief Human Resources and Affirmative Action Officers
ACR ACR	Assembly Concurrent Resolution
ACSA	Association of California School Administrators
ACT	American College Testing
ACTFL	American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages
ADA	American could of the reaching of Poleign Languages
ADA	Average Daily Attendance (now FTES)
AERA	American Educational Research Association
AFDC	Aid to Families with Dependent Children (now TANF)
AFL	American Federation of Labor
AFL	American Federation of Teachers
AGB	Association of Government Boards
AGNES AHCA	Advisory Group on Need Evaluation Services American Health Care Association
AIA	Association of Instructional Administrators
AICCU	Association of Independent California Colleges and Universities
AMA	American Medical Association
AMATYC	American Mathematical Association of Two-Year Colleges
ANA	American Nurses Association
AO	Articulation Officer
API	Academic Program Improvement (CSU funding & support to programs)
APAHE	Asian Pacific Americans in Higher Education
APG	Action Planning Group (for the Chancellor's Office Strategic Plan)
APLE	Assumption Programs of Loans of Education
AP	Advanced Placement
APPLE	Accumulation Plan for Part-time and Limited Employees
ARCC	Accountability Report for the Community Colleges
ARRA	American Recovery and Reinvestment Act
AS	Associate in Sciences degree

ASB	Associated Student Body
ASCCC	Academic Senate for California Community Colleges
ASCIOs	Academic Senate/Chief Instructional Officers
ASSET	Assessment of Skills for Successful Entry and Transfer (ACT)
ASSIST	Articulation System to Stimulate Inter-institutional Student Transfer
@ONE	Consortium for Technology and Distance Education Training
AVA	American Vocational Association
BAM	Budget Accounting Manual
BAT	Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training (Federal)
BCP	Budget Change Proposal
BEOG	Basic Educational Opportunity Grant (also Pell Grant)
BLACCC	Black Association of California Community Colleges
BOARS	Board of Admissions and Relations with Schools (UC)
BOG	Board of Governors
BRAIN	Business Resource Assistance and Innovations Network
BRIC	The Bridging Research, Information, and Culture (BRIC) Project
BRN	Board of Registered Nursing
BSI	Basic Skills Initiative
BVIT	Bilingual Vocational Instructors Training
CAA	College Art Association
CAA	College Alliance of Arts
CAAJE	California Association of Administration of Justice Educators, Inc.
CABE	California Association of Bilingual Educators
CAC	Counseling Advisory Committee
CACCRAO	California Association of Community Colleges Registration & Admissions Officers
CACT	California Association of Chemistry Teachers
CACN	California Association of Colleges of Nursing
CACT	Centers for Applied Competitive Technologies
САНА	California Association of Homes for the Aged
CAHHS	California Association of Hospitals and Health System
CAIR	California Association of Institutional Researchers
CAL-SOAP	California Students Opportunity and Access Program
CalWORKs	California Work Opportunity and Responsibility for Kids
CalSACC	California Student Association of Community Colleges (See SSCCC)
CAN	California Articulation Number (postsecondary course # system)
CAOONPD	California Organization of Associate Degree Nursing Program Directors
CAP	Committee on Assessment Procedures
CAPED	California Association on Postsecondary Education and Disability
CAPP	California Academic Partnership Program
CARE	Cooperative Agencies Resources for Education
CASA	California Association of School Administrators
CASBO	California Association of School Business Officials
CASFAA	California Association of Student Financial Aid Administrators
CASIP	California Supplier Improvement Program
CASP	California Special Populations
CATE	California Association of Teachers of English
CATESOL	California Teachers of English to Speakers of Other Languages
CAVE	California Association of Vocational Education
CB	Collective Bargaining
CBO	Community Based Organization (see JTPA)
CBO	Chief Business Officers
CBT	Computer Based Training
CC	Community College
CCA	Community College Association (affiliate of CTA)
CCAN	Community College Articulation Numbering System
CCC	California Community Colleges

CCC	Community College Council (affiliate of CFT)
CCCCO	California Community College Chancellor's Office
CCCAAAA	California Community College Association of Academic Advisors for Athletics
CCCAOE	California Community College Association of Occupational Educators
CCCCA	California Community Colleges Counselors Association (4CA)
CCCCCSCE	California Community College Council on Community Services and Continuing Education
CCC Confer	California Community College Telephone and Internet Conferencing System
CCCCS	California Community College Classified Staff
CCCCSD	California Community College Council for Staff Development (4CSD)
CCCCSSAA	California Community College Chief Student Services Administrators Assn.
CCCECE	California Community College Early Childhood Educators
CCCEOPSDA	Calif. Community College Extended Opportunity Programs and Services Dir Assn.
CCCF	California Community College Foundation
CCCHSA	California Community College Health Services Association
CCCI	California Community Colleges Independents
CCCPA	California Community College Placement Association
CCCREED	California Community College Real Estate Education Center
CCCSAA	California Community College Student Affairs Association
CCCSAT	California Community Colleges Satellite Network (CCCSAT, see 3CMedia)
CCCSFAAA	California Community College Student Financial Aid Association
CCCT	California Community College Trustees
CCD	Community College District
CCENC	Community College Educators of New Californians
CCF	Community College Foundation
CCIA	Community College Internal Affairs
CCID	Community College for International Development
CCIG	Community College Interest Group
CCLC	Community College League of California
CCLDI	Community College Leadership Development Initiative
CCPRO	Community College Public Relations Organization
CCUDA	Community College Urban District Association
CCUPCA	California College and University Police Chiefs Association
CDCP	Career Development and College Preparation
CDE	California Department of Education
CEBRAC	California Environmental Business Resource Center
CEEB	College Entrance Examination Board
CELP	California Educational Loan Program
CELSA	Combined English Language Skills Assessment
CEO	Chief Executive Officer
CEOCCC	Chief Executive Officers of the California Community Colleges
CETC	California Educational Technologies Collaborative
CFADS	California Financial Aid Delivery System
CFT	California Federation of Teachers
CGSLP	California Guaranteed Student Loan Program
CHA	California Humanities Association
CHE	Consumer Home Economics
CHEA	California Higher Education Association (affiliate of CTA/NEA)
CHEA	Council of Higher Education Accreditation
CHELA	California Higher Education Loan Authority
CIAC	California Intersegmental Articulation Council
C-ID	Course Identification System
CIO	Chief Instructional Officer
CIOCCC	Chief Instructional Officers of California Community Colleges
CISOA	Chief Information Systems Officers Association
CITD	Centers for International Trade Development
CLA	California Library Association

CLACCL	California Library Association Community College Librarians
CLAS	California Loan to Assist Students
CLASP	California Local Area Service Partnership (part of Americorps)
CLASS	California Library Authority of Systems and Services
CLEP	College Level Examination Program
CLFIC	Counseling and Library Faculty Issues Committee (of ASCCC)
$CMC^3$	California Mathematics Council, Community Colleges
CMLEA	California Media and Library Educators Association
COA	Commission on Athletics
CO	Chancellor Office California Community Colleges
COD	Career Opportunities Development
COFO	Council of Faculty Organizations
COFHE	Capital Outlay Fund for Higher Education
COIS	California Occupational Information System
COLA	Cost of Living Adjustment
C-ONE	California Organization of Nursing Executives
COPA	Council on Postsecondary Accreditation
COPES	Community College Occupational Evaluation System
CPEC	California Postsecondary Education Commission
CPFA	California Part-time Faculty Association
CPVE	Council for Postsecondary and Vocational Education
CPGA	California Personnel and Guidance Association
CRLA	College Reading and Learning Association
CQI	Continuous Quality Improvement
CSAC	California Student Aid Commission
CSBA	California School Board Association
CSBG	Council of Student Body Governments
CSDTLHE	Center for the Study of Diversity in Teaching and Learning in Higher Education
CSEA	California School Employees Association
CSLA	California Student Loan Association
CSS	California Scholarship Service
CSS	Center for Student Success (RP Group)
CSSO	Chief Student Services Officers
CSU	California State University
CTA	California Teachers Association
CTE	Career Technical Education
CTF	California Teleconnect Fund
CVC	California Virtual Campus
CVU	California Virtual University
CWS	California Work Study
CYEDA	California Work Study California Youth Employment and Development Act
	Division of Apprenticeship Standards
DAS	
DE	Distance Education
DETAC	Distance Education Technical Advisory Committee (see ETAC)
DOC	Directory of Occupational Titles
DOF	Department of Finance
DOL	Department of Labor
DSA	Division of the State Architect
DSP&S	Disabled Students Programs and Services
DVR	Division of Vocational Rehabilitation
DWG	Discipline Work Group (of the Statewide Career Pathways Project)
EAP	Early Assessment Program
EBT	Employer Based Training
ECCTYC	English Council of California Two-Year Colleges
EDA	Economic Development Administration (U.S. Department of Commerce)
EDAC	Equity and Diversity Action Committee (ASCCC)

EDAC	Equity and Diversity Advisory Committee (Chancellor's Office)
EDD	Employment Development Department
ED>Net	Economic Development Network (see EWDP)
EDWPAC	Economic Development and Workforce Development Program Advisory Committee
EEO	Equal Employment Opportunity
EERA	Educational Employment Relations Act (K-12 & CCs)
EHMT	Environmental Hazardous Materials Technologies
ELA	English Language Arts
EMT	Emergency Medical Training
EOG	Educational Opportunity Grant
EON	Equal Opportunity Network
EOP	Educational Opportunity Program (4-year Colleges)
EOPS	Extended Opportunity Programs and Services
ERIC	Educational Research Information Center (for CCs)
ESL	English as a Second Language
ET	Environmental Technologies
ETAC	Educational Technology Advisory Committee (formerly DETAC)
ETI	Employee Training Institute
ETI	Evaluation and Training Institute
ETP	Employment Training Panel
ETS	Educational Testing Service
FACCC	Faculty Association of California Community Colleges
FAF	Financial Aid Forum
FAO	Financial Aid Office (or Officer)
FDRG	Faculty Discipline Work Groups (of C-ID Project)
FII	Fund for Instructional Improvement
FIPSE	Fund for the Improvement of Post-secondary Education
FISL	Federally Insured Student Loan
FNAR	Financial Need Analysis Report
FCCC	Foundation for California Community Colleges
FSA	Faculty Service Area
FTES	Full-Time Equivalent Student
GAIN	Greater Avenues for Independence
GAIT	Goal Area Implementation Team
GED	General Educational Development (H.S. equivalency test)
GRE	Graduate Record Examination
GSL	Guaranteed Student Loan
HBCUs	Historically Black Colleges and Universities
HCFA	Health Care Financing Administration
HEERA	Higher Education Employee Relations Act (CSU & UC)
HSA	Health Services Association
HUD	Department of Housing and Urban Development
I-ECC	Industry-Education Council of California
ICAS	Intersegmental Committee of Academic Senates
ICC	Intersegmental Coordinating Council
ICEED	International Consortium for Education and Economic Development
IGETC	Intersegmental General Education Transfer Curriculum
IIE	Institute of International Education
IJFP	Intersegmental Joint Faculty Project
IMPAC	
	Intersegmental Major Preparation Articulated Curriculum
ISFARS ITV	Institutional Student Financial Aid Resources Survey Instructional Television
ITV	
JACC	Journalism Association for Community Colleges
JACOTI ITPA	Joint Articulation Council on Transfer Issues (CSU & CCs)
JTPA	Job Training Partnership Act
LAO	Legislative Analyst's Office

LADO	
LARC	Learning, Assessment, Retention Consortium
LDTP	Lower Division Transfer Pattern (CSU)
LEP	Limited English Proficiency
LMI	Labor Market Information
LRACCC	Learning Resources Association of California Community Colleges
LRFA	La Raza Faulty Association
LSAT	Law School Admission Test
MAC	Matriculation Advisory Committee
MACCC	Music Association of California Community Colleges
MALDEF	Mexican-American Legal Defense and Education Fund
MCAT	Medical College Admission Test
MCS	Model Curriculum Standards (K-12)
MESA	Mathematics Engineering Science Achievement
METPP	Migrant Education Teachers Preparation Program
MIS	Management Information System (CCCCO)
MPA	Matriculation Professionals Association
MQ's	Minimum Qualifications
NABE	National Association of Bilingual Educators
NAFTA	North American Free Trade Assn.
NCCCF	Network of California Community College Foundations
NCCSCE	National Council for Community Services and Continuing Education
NCES	National Center for Educational Statistics
NCIA	National Council of Instructional Administrators
NCIAC	Northern California Intersegmental Articulation Council
NCOE	National Council for Occupational Education (affiliate of AACC)
NCRP	National Council for Research and Planning
NCSPOD	National Council for Staff, Program & Organizational Development
NCTC	Northern California Telecommunication Consortia
NDSL	National Direct Student Loan
NEA	National Education Association
NEH	National Endowment for the Humanities
NISOD	National Institute for Staff & Organizational Development
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
NLN	National League for Nursing (national voluntary accrediting body)
NSF	National Science Foundation
NTI	Non-Traditional Instruction
OAL	Office of Administration Law (California)
OAT	Outreach, Admissions and Transfer Committee (of ICC Roundtable)
OBRA	Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act
OCR	Office of Civil Rights
OSCAR	Online System for Curriculum and Articulation Review
OSHPD	Office of Statewide Health Planning & Development
PAC	Program Advisory Committee
PACE	Project for Adult College Education
PAVE	Program Assessment of Vocational Education
PCAH	Program and Course Approval Handbook
PERB	Public Employment Relations Board
PERS	Public Employees Retirement System
PFE	Partnership for Excellence
PIC	Private Industry Council (vocational advisory group)
POST	Peace Officers Standardized Training
PPE	Private Post-secondary Education
PRWORA	Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act
PSAT	Preliminary Scholastic Aptitude Test
PUC	Public Utilities Commission
Q&A	Questions and Answers

RETES	Refugee Education, Training & Employment Services
RFA	Request for Applications
RFP	Request for Proposals
RHORC	Regional Health Occupations Resource Centers
ROCP	Regional Occupational Center or Program
RP	Research and Planning Group for California Community Colleges
RWPEDA	Regional Workforce Preparation and Economic Development Act
SAC	System Architecture Committee
SAAC	State Aid Application for California
SACC	System Advisory Committee on Curriculum
SACSS	System Advisory Committee on Student Services
SAM	Student Accountability Model
SAAM	Student Attendance Accounting Manual
SAT	Scholastic Aptitude Test
SB	Senate Bill
SBP	Small Business Programs
SCAT	School and College Ability Test
SCANS	Secretary of Labor's Commission on Achieving Necessary Skills
SCIAC	Southern California Intersegmental Articulation Council
SCILL	Southern California Inter-Library Loan Network
SCOPE	State College Organization for Physical Education
SCP	Statewide Career Pathways (SB70)
SDA	Service Delivery Area (JTPA)
SDICCCA	San Diego/Imperial Counties Community College Association
SEED	Supporters of Educational Equity and Diversity
SEIU	Service Employees International Union/California State Council
SEOG	Supplementary Education Opportunity Grant
SIP	School Improvement Program
SJTCC	State Job Training Coordinating Council
SOAP	Student Opportunity and Access Program
SPARC	Special Projects Advisory and Review Council
SPRE	State Postsecondary Review Entity
SSCCC	Student Senate for California Community Colleges
STAR	Standardized Testing and Reporting System (K-12)
STC	School To Career
STEM	Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics
STRS	State Teachers Retirement System
STW	School to Work
TANF	Temporary Assistance to Needy Families
TAP	Transfer Alliance Project
TBA TCD	To Be Announced Transfer Center Director
TMI	Technology Mediated Instruction
TOEFL	Test of English as a Foreign Language
TQM	Total Quality Management
TOP	Taxonomy of Programs Code
TRDP	Teacher and Reading Development Partnership
TRIO	Federal Disadvantaged Student Program Collaboration (Initially started with three programs)
TSLAP	Teacher Shortage Loan Assumption Program
TTAC	Telecommunications and Technology Advisory Committee
TTIP	Telecommunications and Technology Infrastructure Program
UC	University of California (and its branches)
UCEP	University Committee on Educational Policy
UCOP	University of California Office of the President
UCOPE	University Committee on Preparatory Education (UC)
UCUPRE	University Committee on Undergraduate Preparation & Remedial Education (UC)

USDE	U.S. Dept. of Education
USSP	Underrepresented Special Student Projects
VATEA	Vocational and Applied Technology Education act of 1990
VTEA	Vocational and Technical Education Act of 1998
WASC	Western Association of Schools and Colleges (Accrediting Commissions)
WASFAA	Western Association of Student Financial Aid Administration
WCA	Western College Association
WEDAC	Workforce and Economic Development Advisory Committee
WIA	Workforce Investment Act
WIB	Workforce Investment Board
WICHE	Western Interstate Commission for Higher Education
WIN	Work Incentive Program
WPL	Workplace Learning Resources
WRCBAA	Western Region Council on Black American Affairs
WSCH	Weekly Student Contact Hours
YEDPA	Youth Employment and Demonstration Project Act

# SECTION FIVE Delegates

### FALL 2010 PLENARY SESSION VOTING DELEGATES

Alameda, College of, Bob Grill Allan Hancock College, Herb Elliott American River College, Kathy Sorensen Antelope Valley College, Christos Valiotis Bakersfield College, John Gerhold Barstow College, Dawn Howey Berkeley City College, Joseph Bielanski Butte College, Jo Anne Cripe Cabrillo College, Steve Hodges Canada College, Patty Dilko Cerritos College, Debra Moore Cerro Coso College, Matthew Crow Chabot College, Kathy Kelley Chaffey College, Ardon Alger Citrus College, Roberta Eisel Coastline College, Nancy Jones Columbia College, Raelene Juarez Compton College, Darwin Smith Contra Costa College, Richard Akers Copper Mountain College, Joseph DeSantis Cosumnes River College, Marjorie Duffy Crafton Hills College, Scott Rippy Cuesta College, Steve Leone Cuyamaca College, Michael Wangler Cypress College, Rob Johnson De Anza College, Gregory Anderson Diablo Valley College, Laurie Lema East Los Angeles College, Alex Immerblum El Camino College, Chris Wells Evergreen Valley College, Henry Gee Folsom Lake College, Kim Harrell Foothill College, Carolyn Holcroft Foothill DeAnza CCD, Robert Cormia Fresno City College, Linda DeKruif Gavilan College, Debbie Klein Glendale College, Michael Scott Golden West College, Theresa Lavarini Grossmont College, Susan Gonda Imperial Valley College, Kevin White Lake Tahoe College, Michelle Risdon Laney College, Sonja Franeta Las Positas College, Michael Schwarz Long Beach City College, Kevin Ryan Los Angeles CCD, David Beaulieu Los Angeles Harbor College, June Burlingame-Smith Los Angeles Mission College, Angela Echeverri Los Angeles Pierce College, Tom Rosdahl Los Angeles Southwest College, Allison Powe Moore Los Angeles Trade Tech College, Lourdes Brent Los Angeles Valley College, Don Gauthier Los Medanos College, Michael Norris Los Rios CCD, Phil Smith Marin, College of, Sara McKinnon Mendocino College, John Koetzner Merced College, Sue Chappell Merritt College, Anita Black MiraCosta College, Louisa Moon Mission College, Cathy Cox Modesto Junior College, Michael Adams Monterey Peninsula College, Anita Johnson Moorpark College, Riley Dwyer

Moreno Valley College, Travis Gibbs Mt. San Antonio College, Antoine Thomas Mt. San Jacinto College, Ron Bowman Napa Valley College, Shawna Bynum Norco College, Sharon Crasnow Ohlone College, Jeff O'Connell Orange Coast College, Vesna Marcina Oxnard College, Robert Cabral Palomar College, Monika Brannick Pasadena City College, Edward Martinez Peralta CCD, Karolyn van Putten Porterville College, David Bezaviff Rancho Santiago CCD, Morrie Barembaum Redwoods, College of the, David Holper Reedley College, Lee Brown Rio Hondo College, Julius Thomas Riverside College, Lee Nelson Riverside CCD, Richard Davin Sacramento City College, Connie Zuercher Saddleback College, Carmen Dominguez San Bernardino Valley College, John Stanskas San Diego City College, Jan Lombardi San Diego Continuing Education, Esther Matthew San Diego Mesa College, Katie Holton San Diego Miramar College, Daphne Figueroa San Francisco, City College of, Karen Saginor San Joaquin Delta College, Diane Oren San Mateo CCD, Ray Hernandez San Mateo, College of, Diana Bennett Santa Ana College, John Zarske Santa Barbara City College, Ignacio Alarcon Santa Monica College, Eric Oifer Santa Rosa Junior College, Barbara Croteau Santiago Canyon College, Danielle Martino School of Continuing Education, Candace Lynch-Thompson Sequoias, College of the, Sondra Bergen Shasta College, Carolyn Borg Sierra College, Brook Oliver Solano College, Thomas Watkins Southwestern College, Angelina Stuart Taft College, Bill Devine Ventura College, Peter Sezzi Victor Valley College, Lisa Harvey West Hills College-Lemoore, Kurt Sterling West Los Angeles College, Adrienne Foster Woodland College, Monica Chahal Yuba College, John Steverson President, Jane Patton Vice President, Michelle Pilati Secretary, Wheeler North Treasurer, Beth Smith Area A Representative, Julie Bruno Area B Representative, Jon Drinnon Area C Representative, Lesley Kawaguchi Area D Representative, Richard Mahon South Representative, Stephanie Dumont South Representative, David Morse North Representative, Dolores Davison North Representative, Dan Crump Representative at Large, Dianna Chiabotti Representative at Large, Kevin Bontenbal